### MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

### Table of Contents

	$\underline{P}$	<u>age</u>
Condensed	d Consolidated Statutory Statements of Financial Position	2
Condensed	d Consolidated Statutory Statements of Operations	3
Condensed	d Consolidated Statutory Statements of Changes in Surplus	4
Condensed	d Consolidated Statutory Statements of Cash Flows	5
Notes to C	Condensed Consolidated Statutory Financial Statements:	
1.	Nature of operations	6
2.	Summary of significant accounting policies	
3.	New accounting standards	7
4.	Investments	
a.	Bonds	8
b.	. Common stocks - subsidiaries and affiliates	11
c.	Mortgage loans	11
d.	Derivatives	13
e.	Net investment income	16
f.	Net realized capital gains (losses) after tax and transfers to interest maintenance reserve	17
5.	Federal income taxes	18
6.	Deferred and uncollected life insurance premium	
7.	Transferable state tax credits	18
8.	Fixed assets	18
9.	Policyholders' liabilities	18
10.	Reinsurance	19
11.	Withdrawal characteristics	19
12.	Debt	19
13.	Employee benefit plans	20
14.	Employee compensation plans	20
15.	Surplus notes	20
16.	Presentation of the Condensed Consolidated Statutory Statements of Cash Flows	
17.	Fair value of financial instruments	
18.	Business risks, commitments and contingencies	26
19.	Related party transactions	28
20.	Subsequent events.	28

# MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATUTORY STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (UNAUDITED)

	N	Iarch 31,	De	ecember 31,			
		2015		2014		Change	% Change
				(\$ In Millio	ons)		
Assets:							
Bonds	\$	80,265	\$	79,169	\$	1,096	1 %
Preferred stocks		613		554		59	11
Common stocks - subsidiaries and affiliates		6,750		6,642		108	2
Common stocks - unaffiliated		1,180		1,191		(11)	(1)
Mortgage loans		20,340		20,305		35	-
Policy loans		11,530		11,396		134	1
Real estate		836		800		36	5
Partnerships and limited liability companies		7,281		7,199		82	1
Derivatives		11,385		9,056		2,329	26
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		2,607		2,196		411	19
Other invested assets		331		170		161	95
Total invested assets		143,118		138,678		4,440	3
Investment income due and accrued		1,846		1,810		36	2
Federal income taxes		54		-		54	NM
Deferred income taxes		968		1,000		(32)	(3)
Other than invested assets		1,031		1,086		(55)	(5)
Total assets excluding separate accounts		147,017		142,574		4,443	3
Separate account assets		68,079		66,522		1,557	2
Total assets	\$	215,096	\$	209,096	\$	6,000	3 %
Liabilities and Surplus:							
Policyholders' reserves	\$	98,982	\$	97,958	\$	1,024	1 %
Liabilities for deposit-type contracts		8,849		9,107		(258)	(3)
Contract claims and other benefits		521		412		109	26
Policyholders' dividends		1,592		1,579		13	1
General expenses due or accrued		739		904		(165)	(18)
Federal income taxes		-		184		(184)	(100)
Asset valuation reserve		2,882		2,704		178	7
Repurchase agreements		5,008		4,898		110	2
Commercial paper and other borrowed money		268		268		-	-
Collateral		2,633		1,461		1,172	80
Derivatives		7,686		5,893		1,793	30
Other liabilities		3,306	_	2,985		321	11
Total liabilities excluding separate accounts		132,466		128,353		4,113	3
Separate account liabilities		68,069		66,512		1,557	2
Total liabilities		200,535		194,865		5,670	3
Surplus		14,561		14,231		330	2
Total liabilities and surplus	\$	215,096	\$	209,096	\$	6,000	3 %

NM = not meaningful

# MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATUTORY STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

### Three Months Ended March 31,

	wiaic	11 31	,			
	 2015 2014 \$ Chang					% Change
			(\$ In M	illions	s)	
Revenue:						
Premium income	\$ 4,634	\$	4,605	\$	29	1 %
Net investment income	1,621		1,512		109	7
Fees and other income	 236		224		12	5
Total revenue	 6,491		6,341		150	2
Benefits and expenses:						
Policyholders' benefits	4,121		4,409		(288)	(7)
Change in policyholders' reserves	1,414		1,372		42	3
Change in reserves due to the RPG reinsurance agreement	(244)		(520)		276	53
General insurance expenses	444		404		40	10
Commissions	205		187		18	10
State taxes, licenses and fees	 60		54		6	11
Total benefits and expenses	6,000		5,906		94	2
Net gain from operations before dividends and						
federal income taxes	491		435		56	13
Dividends to policyholders	368		348		20	6
Net gain from operations before federal income taxes	123		87		36	41
Federal income tax benefit	(40)		(8)		(32)	(400)
Net gain from operations	163		95		68	72
Net realized capital gains (losses) after tax and transfers to						
interest maintenance reserve	 112		(47)		159	338
Net income	\$ 275	\$	48	\$	227	473 %

# MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATUTORY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SURPLUS (UNAUDITED)

Three Months Ended
March 31,

		iviaiv	11 5	1,			
	2015 2014			2014	\$	Change	% Change
	_			(\$ In Mi	llion	ıs)	
Surplus, beginning of year	\$	14,231	\$	12,524	\$	1,707	14 %
Increase (decrease) due to:							
Net income		275		48		227	473
Change in net unrealized capital gains (losses), net of tax	(	436		404		32	8
Change in net unrealized foreign exchange capital							
gains (losses), net of tax		(196)		(6)		(190)	NM
Change in other net deferred income taxes		(3)		(19)		16	84
Change in nonadmitted assets		(15)		46		(61)	(133)
Change in asset valuation reserve		(178)		(105)		(73)	(70)
Cumulative effect of accounting changes		3		-		3	NM
Prior period adjustments		9		(3)		12	400
Other		(1)		35		(36)	(103)
Net increase		330		400		(70)	(18)
Surplus, end of period	\$	14,561	\$	12,924	\$	1,637	13 %

NM = not meaningful

# MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATUTORY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended March 31,							
	20		20	014			% Change	
			(	(\$ In M	illio	ns)		
Cash from operations:  Premium and other income collected		1,928		4,901	\$	27	1 %	
Net investment income		,647		1,524		123	8	
Benefit payments		,273)	(	4,577)		304	7	
Net transfers to separate accounts		(431)		(210)		(221)	, ,	
Net receipts from RPG reinsurance agreement		244		520		(276)	` /	
Commissions and other expenses		(922)		(883)		(39)	(4)	
Dividends paid to policyholders		(355)		(335)		(20)	(6)	
Federal and foreign income taxes (paid) recovered	-	(265)		130		(395)	(304)	
Net cash from operations		573		1,070		(497)	(46)	
Cash from investments:								
Proceeds from investments sold, matured or repaid:								
Bonds	2	2,887		4,127		(1,240)	(30)	
Preferred and common stocks - unaffiliated		106		52		54	104	
Common stocks - affiliated		49		120		(71)	(59)	
Mortgage loans		517		313		204	65	
Real estate		25		11		14	127	
Partnerships and limited liability companies		248		297		(49)	(16)	
Derivatives		289		162		127	78	
Other		(201)		(145)		(56)	(39)	
Total investment proceeds		3,920		4,937		(1,017)	(21)	
Cost of investments acquired:	-						, ,	
Bonds	(4	,144)	(	5,584)		1,440	26	
Preferred and common stocks - unaffiliated		(167)	`	(160)		(7)	(4)	
Common stocks - affiliated		(6)		(106)		100	94	
Mortgage loans		(620)		(952)		332	35	
Real estate		(83)		(22)		(61)	(277)	
Partnerships and limited liability companies		(419)		(283)		(136)	(48)	
Derivatives		(55)		(87)		32	37	
Other		141		1,158		(1,017)	(88)	
Total investments acquired	(5	5,353)	(	6,036)		683	11	
Net increase in policy loans		(134)		(47)		(87)	(185)	
Net cash from investing activities	(1	,567)	(	1,146)		(421)	(37)	
Cash from financing and other sources:								
Net deposits (withdrawals) on deposit-type contracts		10		(265)		275	104	
Change in repurchase agreements		110		94		16	17	
Change in collateral	1	,175		96		1,079	NM	
Other cash provided (used)	1	110		(136)		246	181	
Net cash from financing and other sources	1	,405		(211)		1,616	766	
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		411		(287)	\$	698	243 %	
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments:								
Beginning of period	2	2,196		4,504				
End of period		2,607		4,217				
P*****		-,,	~	-,				

NM = not meaningful

### 1. Nature of operations

Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company (MassMutual) and its subsidiaries provide life insurance, disability income insurance, long-term care insurance, annuities, retirement products, investment management, mutual funds and trust services to individual and institutional customers. MassMutual is organized as a mutual life insurance company.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### a. Basis of presentation

The condensed consolidated statutory financial statements include the accounts of MassMutual and its wholly-owned United States of America (U.S.) domiciled life insurance subsidiary, C.M. Life Insurance Company, and its wholly-owned subsidiary, MML Bay State Life Insurance Company (collectively, the Company). All intercompany transactions and balances for these consolidated entities have been eliminated. Other subsidiaries and affiliates are accounted for under the equity method in accordance with statutory accounting practices. Statutory financial statements filed with regulatory authorities are not presented on a consolidated basis.

The condensed consolidated statutory financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the statutory accounting practices of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) and the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Division of Insurance; and for the wholly-owned U.S. domiciled life insurance subsidiaries, the State of Connecticut Insurance Department.

The condensed consolidated statutory financial statements and notes as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, are unaudited. These condensed consolidated statutory financial statements, in the opinion of management, reflect the fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations, changes in surplus and cash flows for the interim periods. These condensed consolidated statutory financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated statutory financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's 2014 audited year end financial statements as these condensed consolidated statutory financial statements disclose only significant changes from year end 2014. The results of operations for the interim periods should not be considered indicative of results to be expected for the full year. The Condensed Consolidated Statutory Statements of Financial Position as of December 31, 2014 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but do not include all of the information and footnotes required by statutory accounting practices for complete financial statements.

For the full description of accounting policies, see *Note 2*. "Summary of significant accounting policies" of Notes to Consolidated Statutory Financial Statements included in the Company's 2014 audited consolidated year end financial statements.

### b. Corrections of errors and reclassifications

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, corrections of prior year errors were recorded in surplus:

	I	ncrease (D	) to:	Cor	rection		
	P	rior	Cu	rrent	of Asset or Liability Balances		
	Y	Year	Y	ear			
	Net 1	Income	Su	rplus			
Policyholders' reserves, net of tax	\$	11	\$	11	\$	(11)	
Net investment income		(2)		(2)		(2)	
Total	\$	9	\$	9	\$	(13)	

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, corrections of prior year errors were recorded in surplus on a pre-tax basis with any associated tax corrections reported through net income:

		Decrease to:					
	Pı	Prior			of Asse		
	Y	Year Net Income		ear	or Li	ability	
	Net I			rplus	Balances		
			(In M	illions)			
Policyholders' reserves	\$	(3)	\$	(3)	\$	3	
Total	\$	(3)	\$	(3)	\$	3	

Certain prior year amounts within these financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

### 3. New accounting standards

Adoption of new accounting standards

In December 2014, the NAIC issued Statement of Statutory of Accounting Principles (SSAP) No. 40 Revised, "Real Estate Investments" (SSAP No. 40R), which was effective January 1, 2015, and requires that single real estate property investments that are directly and wholly-owned through a limited liability company (LLC) be accounted for, and reported as, directly owned real estate provided that certain criteria are met. For investments meeting the criteria that were previously reported within SSAP No. 48, "Joint Ventures, Partnerships and Limited Liability Companies" (SSAP No. 48), and owned as of the effective date, this guidance required that the Company recognize a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle as if the entity had followed the revisions of SSAP No. 40R since acquisition of the property. As a result of the adoption of this guidance, the Company transferred \$24 million of a real estate asset held in a wholly-owned LLC from partnerships and LLCs to real estate and recorded a \$3 million increase to surplus as a cumulative effect of an accounting change.

### 4. Investments

The Company maintains a diversified investment portfolio. Investment policies limit concentration in any asset class, geographic region, industry group, economic characteristic, investment quality or individual investment.

#### a. Bonds

The carrying value and fair value of bonds were as follows:

	March 31, 2015								
			Gross	Gro	oss				
	Ca	rrying	Unrealized	Unrealized			Fair		
	V	'alue	Gains	Los	Losses V		<sup>7</sup> alue		
U.S. government and agencies	\$	7,867	\$ 1,004	\$	3	\$	8,868		
All other governments		571	53		3		621		
States, territories and possessions		1,841	174		2		2,013		
Political subdivisions		476	47		-		523		
Special revenue		4,746	893		4		5,635		
Industrial and miscellaneous		58,611	3,985		367		62,229		
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates		6,153	308		18		6,443		
Total	\$	80,265	\$ 6,464	\$	397	\$	86,332		

The unrealized losses exclude \$26 million of losses embedded in the carrying value, which include \$20 million from NAIC Category 6 bonds, \$5 million from treasury inflation protected securities, and \$1 million from residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS) and commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) whose ratings were obtained from outside modelers.

	December 31, 2014										
			Gr	oss	Gr	oss					
	Carrying		Unre	alized	Unrealized		I	Fair			
	V	alue	Ga	Gains		Losses V		alue			
	(In Millions)										
U.S. government and agencies	\$	7,672	\$	837	\$	3	\$	8,506			
All other governments		527		43		9		561			
States, territories and possessions		1,807		158		3		1,962			
Political subdivisions		510		49		1		558			
Special revenue		4,646		839		4		5,481			
Industrial and miscellaneous		58,325		3,557		488		61,394			
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates		5,682		287		16		5,953			
Total	\$	79,169	\$	5,770	\$	524	\$	84,415			

The unrealized losses exclude \$24 million of losses embedded in the carrying value, which include \$23 million from NAIC Category 6 bonds and \$1 million from RMBS and CMBS whose ratings were obtained from outside modelers.

Sales proceeds and related gross realized capital gains (losses) from bonds were as follows:

	Tł	ree Mo Maro						
	2	015	2014					
		(In Millions)						
Proceeds from sales	\$	782	\$	1,540				
Gross realized capital gains from sales		60		95				
Gross realized capital losses from sales		(40)		(12)				

The following is a summary of the fair values and gross unrealized losses aggregated by bond category and length of time that the securities were in a continuous unrealized loss position:

	March 31, 2015										
		Less	ess Than 12 Months					12 Months or Longer			
				Number						Number	
		Fair	Unre	ealized	of		Fair	Unrealized		of	
		Value	Lo	sses	Issuers		Value	Value Losses			
	_	(\$ In Mill				lillio	ons)				
U.S. government and agencies	\$	1,437	\$	5	1	\$	138	\$	2	3	
All other governments		99		2	16		14		1	12	
States, territories and possessions		38		1	5		56		1	2	
Special revenue		59		1	33		54		3	143	
Industrial and miscellaneous		7,564		234	746		3,815		137	485	
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates		610		22	13		158		13	10	
Total	\$	9,807	\$	265	814	\$	4,235	\$	157	655	

The unrealized losses include \$26 million of losses embedded in the carrying value, which include \$20 million from NAIC Category 6 bonds, \$5 million from treasury inflation protected securities, and \$1 million from RMBS and CMBS whose ratings were obtained from outside modelers.

	December 31, 2014									
	Less Than 12 Months					12 N	onger			
		Number								Number
		Fair	Unre	alized	of		Fair	Uni	realized	of
		Value	Los	sses	Issuers	,	Value	L	osses	Issuers
					(\$ In M	Iillic	ons)			
U.S. government and agencies	\$	_	\$	_	_	\$	153	\$	2	4
All other governments		115		7	21		34		2	18
States, territories and possessions		40		1	2		96		2	7
Political subdivisions		-		-	-		3		1	1
Special revenue		-		-	-		113		4	167
Industrial and miscellaneous		11,185		302	1,158		5,467		195	640
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates		480		17	8		158		15	6
Total	\$	11,820	\$	327	1,189	\$	6,024	\$	221	843

The unrealized losses include \$24 million of losses embedded in the carrying value, which include \$23 million from NAIC Category 6 bonds and \$1 million from RMBS and CMBS whose ratings were obtained from outside modelers.

Based on the Company's policies, as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, management has not deemed these unrealized losses to be other than temporary because the investment's carrying value is expected to be realized based on the Company's impairment review process and the Company has the ability and intent not to sell these investments until recovery, which may be at maturity.

As of March 31, 2015, investments in structured and loan-backed securities that had unrealized losses, which were not recognized in earnings, had a fair value of \$6,143 million. Securities in an unrealized loss position for less than 12 months had a fair value of \$3,780 million and unrealized losses of \$40 million. Securities in an unrealized loss position for greater than 12 months had a fair value of \$2,362 million and unrealized losses of \$75 million. These securities were primarily categorized as industrial and miscellaneous or parent, subsidiaries and affiliates.

As of December 31, 2014, investments in structured and loan-backed securities that had unrealized losses, which were not recognized in earnings, had a fair value of \$7,554 million. Securities in an unrealized loss position for less than 12 months had a fair value of \$5,309 million and unrealized losses of \$85 million. Securities in an unrealized loss position for greater than 12 months had a fair value of \$2,244 million and unrealized losses of \$78 million. These securities were primarily categorized as industrial and miscellaneous or parent, subsidiaries and affiliates.

In the course of the Company's investment management activities, securities may be sold and reacquired within 30 days of the sale date to enhance the Company's yield on its investment portfolio. The Company did not sell any securities with the NAIC Designation 3 or below for the three months ended March 31, 2015 or the year ended December 31, 2014, that were reacquired within 30 days of the sale date.

Residential mortgage-backed exposure

RMBS are included in the U.S. government, special revenue, and industrial and miscellaneous bond categories. The Alt-A category includes option adjustable rate mortgages and the subprime category includes 'scratch and dent' or reperforming pools, high loan-to-value pools, and pools where the borrowers have very impaired credit but the average loan-to-value is low, typically 70% or below. In identifying Alt-A and subprime exposure, management used a combination of qualitative and quantitative factors, including FICO scores and loan-to-value ratios.

As of March 31, 2015, RMBS had a total carrying value of \$2,307 million and a fair value of \$2,637 million, of which approximately 23%, based on carrying value, was classified as Alt-A. Alt-A and subprime RMBS had a total carrying value of \$1,040 million and a fair value of \$1,235 million.

As of December 31, 2014, RMBS had a total carrying value of \$2,399 million and a fair value of \$2,733 million, of which approximately 23%, based on carrying value, was classified as Alt-A. Alt-A and subprime RMBS had a total carrying value of \$1,078 million and a fair value of \$1,283 million.

#### b. Common stocks - subsidiaries and affiliates

Common stocks of unconsolidated subsidiaries, primarily MassMutual Holding LLC (MMHLLC), are accounted for using the statutory equity method. The Company accounts for the value of MMHLLC at its underlying U.S. generally accepted accounting principles equity value adjusted to remove certain nonadmitted and intangible assets, as well as a portion of its noncontrolling interests (NCI) and appropriated retained earnings, after consideration of MMHLLC's fair value and the Company's capital levels. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Division of Insurance has affirmed the statutory recognition of the Company's application of the NCI guidelines in MMHLLC's statutory carrying value. However, the Company has limited this recognition to \$2,409 million as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The current fair value of MMHLLC remains significantly greater than its statutory carrying value.

MassMutual received \$100 million and \$50 million of cash dividends, recorded in net investment income, from MMHLLC through the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

MMHLLC's subsidiaries are involved in litigation and investigations arising in the ordinary course of their business, which seek both compensatory and punitive damages and equitable remedies. Although the Company is not aware of any actions or allegations that reasonably should give rise to a material adverse impact to the Company's financial position or liquidity, the outcome of litigation cannot be foreseen with certainty. It is the opinion of management that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not materially impact the Company's financial position or liquidity. However, the outcome of a particular proceeding may be material to the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statutory Statements of Changes in Surplus for a particular period depending upon, among other factors, the size of the loss and the level of the Company's changes in surplus for the period.

#### c. Mortgage loans

Mortgage loans are comprised of commercial mortgage loans and residential mortgage loans. The Company's commercial mortgage loans primarily finance various types of real estate properties throughout the U.S., the United Kingdom and Canada. The Company holds commercial mortgage loans for which it is the primary lender and mezzanine loans that are subordinate to senior secured first liens. Residential mortgage loans are primarily seasoned pools of homogeneous residential mortgage loans substantially backed by Federal Housing Administration (FHA) and Veterans Administration (VA) guarantees.

The carrying value and fair value of the Company's mortgage loans were as follows:

		March :	31, 2	2015		December 31, 2014				
	(	Carrying	Fair		Carrying			Fair		
		Value		Value	Value		Value		Value	
				(In N	Iill	ion	ıs)			
Commercial mortgage loans:										
Primary lender	\$	18,236	\$	19,045		\$	18,274	\$	18,918	
Mezzanine loans		45		47			45		47	
Total commercial mortgage loans	_	18,281		19,092		_	18,319		18,965	
Residential mortgage loans:										
FHA insured and VA guaranteed		2,048		2,014			1,975		1,937	
Other residential loans		11		11			11		12	
Total residential mortgage loans		2,059		2,025			1,986		1,949	
Total mortgage loans	\$	20,340	\$	21,117		\$	20,305	\$	20,914	

As of March 31, 2015, the Company had no impaired mortgage loans with or without a valuation allowance.

The following presents a summary of the Company's impaired mortgage loans as of March 31, 2014:

		Avera	.ge U	npaid				
	Carrying	g Carryi	ng Pr	incipal	Valu	ation	Inter	est
_	Value	Valu	e B	alance	Allov	vance	Inco	me
			(In	Millior	ıs)			
With allowance recorded:								
Commercial mortgage loans:								
Primary lender	\$ 43	5 \$	47	\$ 67	\$	(11)	\$	1

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company had no valuation allowance recorded for commercial mortgage loans.

The following presents changes in the valuation allowance recorded for the Company's commercial mortgage loans for the three months ended March 31, 2014:

	imary ender l	Mez	zzanine	Т	`otal
	(	(In	Millions	)	
Beginning balance	\$ (9)	\$	-	\$	(9)
Additions	 (2)		-		(2)
Ending balance	\$ (11)	\$	-	\$	(11)

#### d. Derivatives

The Company uses derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business to manage risks, primarily to reduce currency, interest rate and duration imbalances determined in asset/liability analyses. The Company also uses a combination of derivatives and fixed income investments to create synthetic investments. These synthetic investments are created opportunistically when they are economically more attractive than the actual instrument or when similar instruments are unavailable. Synthetic investments can be created either to hedge and reduce the Company's credit exposure or to create an investment in a particular asset. The Company held synthetic investments with a net notional amount of \$9,275 million as of March 31, 2015 and \$9,316 million as of December 31, 2014. Of this amount, \$8,867 million as of March 31, 2015 and \$8,367 million as of December 31, 2014, were considered replicated asset transactions as defined under statutory accounting principles as the result of pairing of a long derivative contract with cash instruments held.

The Company's derivative strategy employs a variety of derivative financial instruments, including interest rate swaps, currency swaps, equity and credit default swaps, options, interest rate caps and floors, forward contracts and financial futures. Investment risk is assessed on a portfolio basis and individual derivative financial instruments are not generally designated in hedging relationships; therefore, as allowed by statutory accounting practices, the Company intentionally has not applied hedge accounting.

The Company's principal derivative market risk exposures are interest rate risk, which includes the impact of inflation, and credit risk. Interest rate risk pertains to the change in fair value of the derivative instruments as market interest rates move. The Company is exposed to credit-related losses in the event of nonperformance by counterparties to derivative financial instruments. To minimize credit risk for bilateral transactions (individual contracts entered between the Company and a counterparty), the Company and its derivative counterparties generally enter into master netting agreements that allow the use of credit support annexes and require collateral to be posted in the amount owed under each transaction, subject to minimum transfer amounts. For over the counter cleared derivative transactions between the Company and a counterparty, the parties enter into a series of master netting and other agreements that govern, among other things, clearing and collateral requirements. These transactions are cleared through a clearinghouse and each derivative counterparty is only exposed to the default of the clearinghouse. Certain interest rate swaps and credit default swaps that were entered into are considered cleared transactions. These cleared transactions require initial and daily variation margin collateral postings. These same agreements allow for contracts in a positive position, in which the Company is due amounts, to be offset by contracts in a negative position. This right of offset, combined with collateral obtained from counterparties, reduces the Company's exposure. Net collateral pledged by the counterparties was \$3,677 million as of March 31, 2015 and \$2,793 million as of December 31, 2014. In the event of default, the full market value exposure at risk in a net gain position, net of offsets and collateral, was \$114 million as of March 31, 2015 and \$139 million as of December 31, 2014. Statutory accounting practices define net amount at risk as net collateral pledged and statement values excluding accrued interest. The net amount at risk was \$627 million as of March 31, 2015 and \$574 million as of December 31, 2014. The Company regularly monitors counterparty credit ratings and exposures, derivative positions and valuations and the value of collateral posted to ensure counterparties are credit-worthy and the concentration of exposure is minimized. The Company monitors this exposure as part of its management of the Company's overall credit exposures.

The following summarizes the carrying values and notional amounts of the Company's derivative financial instruments:

	March 31, 2015								
		As	sets			Liab	ilitie	S	
		Carrying		Notional	(	Carrying	Notional		
		Value		Amount		Value	Amour		
				(In M	illions	s)			
Interest rate swaps	\$	10,151	\$	66,364	\$	7,653	\$	71,254	
Options	·	658		9,236	·	8	·	2,394	
Currency swaps		480		3,907		10		489	
Forward contracts		77		2,634		7		595	
Credit default swaps		19		1,305		8		842	
Financial futures		-		2,039		-		_	
Total	\$	11,385	\$	85,485	\$	7,686	\$	75,574	
				Decembe	er 31,	2014			
		As	sets			Liab	ilitie	s	
		Carrying		Notional	(	Carrying		Notional	
		Value		Amount		Value		Amount	
				(In M	illions	s)			
Interest rate swaps	\$	8,150	\$	64,814	\$	5,824	\$	66,277	
Options		573		9,851		9		596	
Currency swaps		244		2,843		49		1,077	
Forward contracts		73		3,512		3		309	
Credit default swaps		16		1,283		8		812	
Financial futures		_		2,308		_		_	
Total	\$			=,000			\$		

In most cases, the notional amounts are not a measure of the Company's credit exposure. The exceptions to this are credit default swaps that are in the form of a replicated asset and mortgage-backed forwards. In the event of default, the Company is fully exposed to their notional amounts of \$1,921 million as of March 31, 2015 and \$2,461 million as of December 31, 2014. The collateral amounts exchanged are calculated on the basis of the notional amounts and the other terms of the instruments, which relate to interest rates, exchange rates, security prices or financial or other indices.

The average fair value of outstanding derivative financial instrument assets was \$10,221 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and \$6,450 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The average fair value of outstanding derivative financial instrument liabilities was \$6,790 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and \$4,715 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

The following summarizes the notional amounts of the Company's credit default swaps by contractual maturity:

		ch 31, 015	December 3 2014				
	(In Millions)						
Due in one year or less	\$	376	\$	376			
Due after one year through five years		1,359		1,419			
Due after five years through ten years		412		300			
Total	\$	2,147	\$	2,095			

The following summarizes the Company's net realized gains (losses) on closed contracts and change in net unrealized gains (losses) related to market fluctuations on open contracts by derivative type:

Three Months Ended March 31,

		2	015			2014					
	Net Rea	lized	Change 1	In Net	Net Rea	lized	Change In Net				
	Gains (L	osses)	Unrealize	d Gains	Gains (L	osses)	Unrealized Gain				
	on Clo	on Closed (Losses)			on Clo	osed	(Losses	s) on			
	Contr	acts	Open Con	pen Contracts Contracts				ntracts			
				(In Mi	illions)						
Interest rate swaps	\$	(9)	\$	171	\$	(46)	\$	196			
Currency swaps		3		274		(4)		3			
Options		(23)		82		(55)		28			
Credit default swaps		2		-		5		1			
Forward contracts		217		-		(5)		10			
Financial futures		34				163		_			
Total	\$	224	\$	527	\$	58	\$	238			

The following summarizes gross and net information of derivative assets and liabilities, along with collateral posted in connection with master netting agreements:

	March 31, 2015							December 31, 2014								
	Ι	Derivative Derivative						Г	erivative	D	<b>D</b> erivative	;				
	_	Assets	L	iabilities		Net	et Assets			Liabilities			sets Liab			Net
	_					(In M	Millions)									
Gross	\$	11,385	\$	7,686	\$	3,699		\$	9,056	\$	5,893	\$	3,163			
Due and accrued		769		1,629		(860)			760		1,466		(706)			
Gross amounts offset		(6,483)		(6,483)		_			(4,672)		(4,672)		_			
Net asset		5,671		2,832		2,839			5,144		2,687		2,457			
Collateral posted	_	(4,273)		(596)		(3,677)			(3,340)		(547)		(2,793)			
Net	\$	1,398	\$	2,236	\$	(838)		\$	1,804	\$	2,140	\$	(336)			

### e. Net investment income

Net investment income was comprised of the following:

	Three Months Ended						
		March 31,					
		2015		2014			
	(In Millions)						
Bonds	\$	891	\$	842			
Preferred stocks		4		4			
Common stocks - subsidiaries and affiliates		101		52			
Common stocks - unaffiliated		6		5			
Mortgage loans		249		213			
Policy loans		177		170			
Real estate		44		44			
Partnerships and LLCs		120		175			
Derivatives		98		54			
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		3		4			
Other		5		2			
Subtotal investment income		1,698		1,565			
Amortization of the IMR		40		61			
Investment expenses		(117)		(114)			
Net investment income	\$	1,621	\$	1,512			

#### f. Net realized capital gains (losses) after tax and transfers to interest maintenance reserve

Net realized capital gains (losses) including other-than-temporary impairment(s) (OTTI) were comprised of the following:

	Three Months Ended					
		Marc	h 31,			
	2	2015	2	2014		
	(In Millions)					
Bonds	\$	6	\$	67		
Common stocks - subsidiaries and affiliates		3		4		
Common stocks - unaffiliated		10		(2)		
Mortgage loans		(3)		1		
Real estate		(3)		(6)		
Partnerships and LLCs		(11)		(15)		
Derivatives		224		58		
Other		(31)		(19)		
Net realized capital gains before federal						
and state taxes and deferral to the IMR		195		88		
Net federal and state tax expense		(63)		(3)		
Net realized capital gains before deferral						
to the IMR		132		85		
Net after tax gains deferred to the IMR		(20)		(132)		
Net realized capital gains (losses)	\$	112	\$	(47)		

The interest maintenance reserve (IMR) liability balance was \$691 million as of March 31, 2015 and \$713 million as of December 31, 2014 and was included in other liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Statutory Statements of Financial Position.

OTTI, included in the net realized capital losses, consisted of the following:

	Th	Three Months Ended March 31,						
	2	2015 20						
	(In Millions)							
Bonds	\$	(15)	\$	(18)				
Preferred and common stocks		-		(3)				
Partnerships and LLCs		(6)		(11)				
Total OTTI	\$	(21)	\$	(32)				

For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recognized less than \$1 million and \$12 million, respectively, of OTTI on structured and loan-backed securities, which are included in bonds, primarily due to the present value of expected cash flows being less than the amortized cost.

### 5. Federal income taxes

No significant changes.

### 6. Deferred and uncollected life insurance premium

No significant changes.

### 7. Transferable state tax credits

No significant changes.

### 8. Fixed assets

No significant changes.

### 9. Policyholders' liabilities

Certain variable annuity contracts include additional death or other insurance benefit features, such as guaranteed minimum death benefits (GMDBs), guaranteed minimum income benefits (GMIBs), guaranteed minimum accumulation benefits (GMABs) and guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefits (GMWBs). In general, these benefit guarantees require the contract holder or policyholder to adhere to a company-approved asset allocation strategy. Election of these benefits on certain annuity contracts is generally only available at contract issue.

The following shows the liabilities for GMDBs, GMIBs, GMABs and GMWBs (in millions):

Liability as of January 1, 2014	\$ 277
Incurred guarantee benefits	219
Paid guarantee benefits	(3)
Liability as of December 31, 2014	493
Incurred guarantee benefits	24
Paid guarantee benefits	 (1)
Liability as of March 31, 2015	\$ 516

The Company held reserves in accordance with the stochastic scenarios as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company held additional reserves above those indicated based on the stochastic scenarios in order to maintain a prudent level of reserve adequacy.

The following summarizes the account values, net amount at risk and weighted average attained age for variable annuity contracts with GMDBs, GMIBs, GMABs and GMWBs classified as policyholders' reserves and separate account liabilities. The net amount at risk is defined as the minimum guarantee less the account value calculated on a policy-by-policy basis, but not less than zero.

			Marc	h 31, 20	)15		December 31, 2014						
				Net	Weighted				Net	Weighted Average			
	P	Account	A	mount	Average	A	Account	A	mount				
		Value	a	t Risk	Attained Age		Value	a	t Risk	Attained Age			
GMDB	\$	21,475	\$	74	63	\$	21,184	\$	80	63			
<b>GMIB Basic</b>		1,120		52	66		1,136		64	65			
GMIB Plus		3,393		283	64		3,373		300	64			
GMAB		2,961		2	58		2,859		3	58			
GMWB		233		4	68		232		4	68			

The GMDB account value above consists of \$4,127 million within the general account and \$17,349 million within separate accounts that includes \$5,022 million of modified coinsurance.

### 10. Reinsurance

No significant changes.

### 11. Withdrawal characteristics

No significant changes.

### 12. Debt

No significant changes.

### 13. Employee benefit plans

The Company provides multiple benefit plans including retirement plans and life and health benefits to employees, certain employees of unconsolidated subsidiaries, agents and retirees.

#### Net periodic cost

The net periodic cost represents the annual accounting income or expense recognized by the Company and included in general insurance expenses. The net periodic cost in the Condensed Consolidated Statutory Statements of Operations is as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,											
		2015 2014				2015		2014				
		Per	sion		C	ther Post	tretire	etirement/				
		Ber	efits		Postemployment Bene							
	_	(In Millions)										
Service cost	\$	18	\$	19	\$	3	\$	3				
Interest cost		26		23		4		5				
Expected return on plan assets		(39)		(34)		_		-				
Amortization of unrecognized net actuarial and other losse	S	16		23		1		1				
Amortization of unrecognized prior service cost		1		2		1		1				
Total net periodic cost	\$	22	\$	33	\$	9	\$	10				

### 14. Employee compensation plans

No significant changes.

### 15. Surplus notes

No significant changes.

### 16. Presentation of the Condensed Consolidated Statutory Statements of Cash Flows

The Company has included the following non-cash transactions in the Condensed Consolidated Statutory Statements of Cash Flows:

	Three months ended March 31,							
	2	2014						
	(In Millions)							
Bond conversions and refinancing	\$	579	\$	164				
Bank loan rollovers		91		31				
Transfer from partnerships and LLCs to real estate in connection with								
a change in accounting principle		24		-				
Stock conversions		10		1				
Other		4		3				
Dividend reinvestment		3		1				

### 17. Fair value of financial instruments

The following presents a summary of the carrying values and fair values of the Company's financial instruments:

	March 31, 2015 Carrying Fair											
	C											
		Value	Value		Level 1		I	Level 2	]	Level 3		
					(In	Millions)						
Financial assets:												
Bonds:												
U. S. government and agencies	\$	7,867	\$	8,868	\$	-	\$	8,862	\$	6		
All other governments		571		621		-		546		75		
States, territories and possessions		1,841		2,013		-		1,989		24		
Political subdivisions		476		523		-		523		-		
Special revenue		4,746		5,635		-		5,602		33		
Industrial and miscellaneous		58,611		62,229		-		39,396		22,833		
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates		6,153		6,443		-		864		5,579		
Preferred stocks		613		491		24		24		443		
Common stocks - unaffiliated		1,180		1,180		582		437		161		
Common stocks - subsidiaries and affiliates <sup>(1)</sup>		692		692		532		109		51		
Mortgage loans - commercial		18,281		19,092		-		-		19,092		
Mortgage loans - residential		2,059		2,025		-		-		2,025		
Cash, cash equivalents and												
short-term investments		2,607		2,607		272		2,335		-		
Separate account assets		68,079		68,116		43,903		23,561		652		
Derivatives:												
Interest rate swaps		10,151		11,055		-		11,055		-		
Options		658		658		-		658		-		
Currency swaps		480		480		-		480		-		
Forward contracts		77		77		-		77		-		
Credit default swaps		19		8		-		8		-		
Financial liabilities:												
Commercial paper and other borrowed money		268		268		-		250		18		
Repurchase agreements		5,008		5,008		-		5,008		-		
Guaranteed interest contracts		4,218		4,281		-		_		4,281		
Group annuity contracts and other deposits		17,013		18,439		_		_		18,439		
Individual annuity contracts		9,427		10,532		_		_		10,532		
Supplementary contracts		1,124		1,125		_		_		1,125		
Derivatives:												
Interest rate swaps		7,653		7,665		_		7,665		_		
Options		8		8		_		8		_		
Currency swaps		10		10		_		10		_		
Forward contracts		7		7		_		7		_		
Credit default swaps		8		2		_		2		_		
oregre german a mapo												

<sup>(1)</sup> Common stocks - subsidiaries and affiliates do not include MMHLLC, which had a statutory carrying value of \$5,680 million, MSC Holding Company, LLC, which had a statutory carrying value of \$362 million and MassMutual Trust Company, which had a statutory carrying value of \$16 million.

The use of different assumptions or valuation methodologies may have a material impact on the estimated fair value amounts.

	December 31, 2014											
		Carrying		Fair								
		Value		Value		evel 1	I	Level 2	Level 3			
	(In Millions)											
Financial assets:												
Bonds:												
U. S. government and agencies	\$	7,672	\$	8,506	\$	-	\$	8,498	\$ 8			
All other governments		527		561		-		487	74			
States, territories and possessions		1,807		1,962		-		1,946	16			
Political subdivisions		510		558		-		534	24			
Special revenue		4,646		5,481		-		5,362	119			
Industrial and miscellaneous		58,325		61,394		-		38,821	22,573			
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates		5,682		5,953		-		564	5,389			
Preferred stocks		554		562		15		15	532			
Common stocks - unaffiliated		1,191		1,191		587		442	162			
Common stocks - subsidiaries and affiliates <sup>(1)</sup>		719		719		521		117	81			
Mortgage loans - commercial		18,319		18,965		-		-	18,965			
Mortgage loans - residential		1,986		1,949		-		-	1,949			
Cash, cash equivalents and												
short-term investments		2,196		2,196		306		1,890	-			
Separate account assets		66,522		66,552		42,938		22,993	621			
Derivatives:												
Interest rate swaps		8,150		8,598		-		8,598	-			
Options		573		573		-		573	-			
Currency swaps		244		244		-		244	-			
Forward contracts		73		73		-		73	-			
Credit default swaps		16		18		-		18	-			
Financial liabilities:												
Commercial paper and other borrowed money		268		268		_		250	18			
Repurchase agreements		4,898		4,898		_		4,898	-			
Guaranteed interest contracts		4,218		4,301		_		_	4,301			
Group annuity contracts and other deposits		17,454		18,446		_		_	18,446			
Individual annuity contracts		9,624		10,705		_		_	10,705			
Supplementary contracts		1,091		1,092		_		_	1,092			
Derivatives:												
Interest rate swaps		5,824		5,833		_		5,833	_			
Options		9		9		_		9	_			
Currency swaps		49		49		_		49	-			
Forward contracts		3		3		_		3	-			
Credit default swaps		8		7		_		7	_			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup>Common stocks - subsidiaries and affiliates do not include MMHLLC, which had a statutory carrying value of \$5,549 million, MSC Holding Company, LLC, which had a statutory carrying value of \$359 million and MassMutual Trust Company, which had a statutory carrying value of \$15 million.

The following presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value:

	March 31, 2015											
	Level	1	L	evel 2	L	evel 3		Total				
				(In M	illio	ns)						
Financial assets:												
Bonds:												
Industrial and miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	55	\$	30	\$	85				
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates		-		2		91		93				
Preferred stocks		-		-		4		4				
Common stocks - unaffiliated	5	82		437		161		1,180				
Common stocks - subsidiaries and affiliates	5.	32		109		51		692				
Separate account assets	43,9	03		22,475		631		67,009				
Derivatives:												
Interest rate swaps		-		10,151		-		10,151				
Options		-		658		-		658				
Currency swaps		-		480		-		480				
Forward contracts		-		77		-		77				
Credit default swaps		-		4		-		4				
Total financial assets carried												
at fair value	\$ 45,0	17	\$	34,448	\$	968	\$	80,433				
Financial liabilities:												
Derivatives:												
Interest rate swaps	\$	-	\$	7,653	\$	-	\$	7,653				
Options		-		8		-		8				
Currency swaps		-		10		-		10				
Forward contracts		-		7		-		7				
Credit default swaps		-		4		-		4				
Total financial liabilities carried												
at fair value	\$	-	\$	7,682	\$	_	\$	7,682				

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, there were no significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

The following presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value:

	December 31, 2014											
	I	evel 1	I	evel 2	L	evel 3		Total				
				(In M	illio	ns)						
Financial assets:												
Bonds:												
All other governments	\$	-	\$	4	\$	-	\$	4				
Industrial and miscellaneous		-		33		133		166				
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates		-		10		66		76				
Preferred stocks		-		-		4		4				
Common stocks - unaffiliated		587		442		162		1,191				
Common stocks - subsidiaries and affiliates		521		117		81		719				
Separate account assets		42,938		21,927		600		65,465				
Derivatives:												
Interest rate swaps		-		8,150		-		8,150				
Options		-		573		-		573				
Currency swaps		-		244		-		244				
Forward contracts		-		73		-		73				
Total financial assets carried												
at fair value	\$	44,046	\$	31,573	\$	1,046	\$	76,664				
Financial liabilities:												
Derivatives:												
Interest rate swaps	\$	-	\$	5,824	\$	-	\$	5,824				
Options		-		9		-		9				
Currency swaps		-		49		-		49				
Forward contracts		-		3		-		3				
Credit default swaps		-		5		-		5				
Total financial liabilities carried								_				
at fair value	\$	-	\$	5,890	\$	-	\$	5,890				

For the year ended December 31, 2014, there were no significant transfers between Level 1 to Level 2.

The following presents changes in the Company's Level 3 assets carried at fair value:

					Three	Mor	nths Ende	ed Mar	ch 31, 2	2015				
		Bon	ds										Total L	evel 3
			Pare	nt,					Sepa	arate	Financial Assets			
	Industria	subsidi	subsidiaries,			C	Commo	n Stock		Account		Carrie	ed at	
	Miscellaneous		and affiliates		Stock		Unaffiliated		Affiliated		Assets		Fair V	alue
		(In Millions)												
Balance as of January 1, 2015	\$	133	\$	66	\$	4	\$	162	\$	81	\$	600	\$	1,046
Gains in net income		-				-		4		3		8		15
(Losses) gains in surplus		(2)		(9)		-		(5)		4		-		(12)
Purchases		-		22		-		14		-		34		70
Issuances		-		(1)		-		-		-		-		(1)
Sales		-				-		(13)		(41)		(11)		(65)
Settlements		-		(9)		-		-		-		-		(9)
Transfers in		-		-		-		3		-		-		3
Transfers out (1)		(32)		-		-		(1)		_		_		(33)
Other transfers (2)		(69)		22		-		(3)		4		-		(46)
Balance as of March 31, 2015	\$	30	\$	91	\$	4	\$	161	\$	51	\$	631	\$	968

<sup>(1)</sup> Transfers out of Level 3 occur when quoted prices are received in markets that have not been previously active, and therefore the assets are moved to Level 2. Industrial and miscellaneous were transferred out of Level 3 into Level 2 due to a change in the observability of pricing inputs.

<sup>(2)</sup>Other transfers include assets that are either no longer carried at fair value, or have just begun to be carried at fair value, such as assets with no level changes but a change in lower of cost or market carrying basis.

	Year Ended December 31, 2014													
	Bond Industria Miscellar	Parer subsidia and affi	ries,	Prefer Stoc		C Unaffi (In Mi	ı Stock Affili		Acc	arate ount sets	Total Level 3 Financial Assets Carried at Fair Value			
Balance as of January 1, 2014	\$	25	\$	-	\$	1	\$	186	\$	35	\$	490	\$	737
(Losses) gains in net income		(1)		-		-		(71)		(1)		82		9
(Losses) gains in surplus		(15)		(5)		-		40		(3)		-		17
Purchases		26		-		4		11		103		238		382
Issuances		120		106		-		4		2		-		232
Sales		-		-		-		(5)		(34)		(320)		(359)
Settlements <sup>(1)</sup>		(8)		(94)		-		(6)		(21)		110		(19)
Transfers in <sup>(2)</sup>		-		59		-		3		-		-		62
Other transfers		(14)		-		(1)		-		-		-		(15)
Balance as of December 31, 2014	\$	133	\$	66	\$	4	\$	162	\$	81	\$	600	\$	1,046

<sup>(1)</sup>The fair value of real estate separate accounts is carried net of encumbrances on the Condensed Consolidated Statutory Statements of Financial Position and the change in encumbrances is included in the settlements within separate account assets.

<sup>(2)</sup> This row identifies assets that are consistently carried at fair value but have had a level change. The parent, subsidiaries, and affiliates were transferred in to Level 3 from Level 2 due to a change in the observability of pricing inputs.

### 18. Business risks, commitments and contingencies

#### a. Risks and uncertainties

The Company operates in a business environment subject to various risks and uncertainties. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, currency exchange risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Interest rate risk is the potential for interest rates to change, which can cause fluctuations in the value of investments and amounts due to policyholders. To the extent that fluctuations in interest rates cause the duration of assets and liabilities to differ, the Company mitigates its exposure to this risk by, among other things, asset/liability management techniques that account for the cash flow characteristics of the assets and liabilities. This condensed risks and uncertainties disclosure should be read in conjunction with the consolidated statutory disclosure in the Company's 2014 audited year end financial statements.

#### Currency exchange risk

The Company has currency risk due to its non-U.S. dollar investments and medium-term notes along with its indirect international operations. The Company mitigates currency risk through the use of cross-currency swaps and forward contracts. Cross-currency swaps are used to minimize currency risk for certain non-U.S. dollar assets and liabilities through a pre-specified exchange of interest and principal. Forward contracts are used to hedge movements in exchange rates.

#### Investment and interest rate risks

Investment earnings can be influenced by a number of factors including changes in interest rates, credit spreads, equity markets, portfolio asset allocation and general economic conditions. The Company employs a rigorous asset/liability management process to help mitigate the economic impacts of various investment risks, in particular interest rate risk.

The levels of U.S. interest rates are influenced by U.S. monetary policies and by the relative attractiveness of U.S. markets to investors versus other global markets. As interest rates increase, certain debt securities may experience slower amortization or prepayment speeds than assumed at purchase, impacting the expected maturity of these securities and the ability to reinvest the proceeds at the higher yields. Rising interest rates may also result in a decrease in the fair value of the investment portfolio. As interest rates decline, certain debt securities may experience accelerated amortization and prepayment speeds than what was assumed at purchase. During such periods, the Company is at risk of lower net investment income as it may not be able to reinvest the proceeds at comparable yields. Declining interest rates may also increase the fair value of the investment portfolio.

#### b. Litigation

The Company is involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business, which seeks both compensatory and punitive damages and equitable remedies. Although the Company is not aware of any actions or allegations that reasonably should give rise to a material adverse impact to the Company's financial position or liquidity, the outcome of litigation cannot be foreseen with certainty. It is the opinion of management that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not materially impact the Company's financial position or liquidity. However, the outcome of a particular proceeding may be material to the Company's results of operations for a particular period depending upon, among other factors, the size of the loss and the level of the Company's results of operations for the period.

In 2008, MassMutual and MMHLLC were named as defendants in several lawsuits filed in federal and state courts in Colorado, Massachusetts, New Mexico, New York and Washington by investors seeking to recover investments they allegedly lost as a result of the "Ponzi" scheme run by Bernard L. Madoff through his company, Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities, LLC. Certain of these lawsuits also named Tremont Group Holdings, Inc. (Tremont) and certain of its affiliates, and certain of their respective current or former officers and directors, as defendants. The plaintiffs allege a variety of state law and federal security claims against the defendants. The cases are in various stages of litigation. MassMutual believes it has substantial defenses and will continue to vigorously defend itself in these actions. In March 2015, Tremont recorded a liability for the estimated probable amount of the loss it expected to incur in connection with certain of these lawsuits, which did not have a significant impact on MassMutual. No

reasonable estimate can be made at this time regarding the potential liability, if any, or the amount or range of any loss that may result from the remaining suits.

In 2009, several lawsuits were filed as putative class actions and later consolidated before the U.S. District Court for the District of Colorado in connection with the investment performance of Oppenheimer Rochester California Municipal Fund (the California Fund Suit). This fund was advised by OppenheimerFunds, Inc. (OFI) and distributed by its subsidiary OppenheimerFunds Distributor, Inc. (OFDI). The plaintiffs in the California Fund Suit claim against MassMutual, OFI, OFDI and certain present and former trustees and officers of the fund under federal securities laws and allege, among other things, the disclosure documents of the fund contained misrepresentations and omissions, that the investment policies of the fund were not followed, and that the fund and the other defendants violated federal securities laws and regulations and certain state laws. Plaintiffs in the California Fund Suit filed an amended complaint and defendants filed a motion to dismiss. In 2011, the court issued an order that granted in part and denied in part the defendants' motion to dismiss. In 2012, plaintiffs filed a motion, which defendants opposed, to certify a class and appoint class representatives and class counsel. In March 2015, the court granted plaintiffs' class certification motion and defendants sought leave to appeal the court's order. The defendants believe they have substantial defenses and will continue to vigorously defend themselves in this action. No reasonable estimate can be made at this time regarding the potential liability, if any, or the amount or range of any loss that may result from this suit.

In 2009, MassMutual was named as a defendant in a lawsuit related to certain losses in a bank owned life insurance (BOLI) policy issued by MassMutual. The plaintiff alleges, among other things, fraud, breach of contract and breach of fiduciary duty claims against MassMutual, and it seeks to recover losses arising from investments pursuant to the BOLI policy. The parties have completed discovery and are now preparing for trial, scheduled for May 2015. MassMutual believes it has substantial defenses and will continue to vigorously defend itself in this action. No reasonable estimate can be made at this time regarding the potential liability, if any, or the amount or range of any loss that may result from this claim.

In 2010, Christina Chavez (Chavez) filed a putative class action complaint against MassMutual. Chavez alleges that MassMutual breached its obligations to its term life policyholders in California by not paying dividends on those policies. The parties are engaged in active discovery. In June 2014, the parties participated in a mediation of their dispute, which did not result in a settlement. The parties have filed briefs on the issue of class certification and hearings were held in March 2015. MassMutual believes it has substantial defenses and will continue to vigorously defend itself in this action. No reasonable estimate can be made at this time regarding the potential liability, if any, or the amount or range of any loss that may result from this claim.

In 2011, Golden Star, Inc. (Golden Star), plan administrator of the Golden Star Administrative Associates 401(k) Plan and Golden Star Bargaining Associates 401(k) Plan, filed a putative class action lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts against MassMutual. Golden Star alleges, among other things, that MassMutual breached its alleged fiduciary duties while performing services to 401(k) plans and that certain of its actions constituted "Prohibited Transactions" under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. In June 2014, MassMutual recorded a liability for the estimated probable amount of the loss it expected to incur in connection with this lawsuit, which did not have a significant impact on MassMutual. In October 2014, the parties filed a motion for preliminary approval of a settlement, which the court granted in December 2014.

In 2012, Karen Bacchi filed a putative class action complaint against MassMutual in federal court alleging that MassMutual breached its contracts by allegedly failing to distribute surplus in excess of the statutorily prescribed limit. The court denied MassMutual's motion to dismiss and the parties are engaged in active discovery. MassMutual believes that it has substantial defenses and will continue to vigorously defend itself in this action. No reasonable estimate can be made at this time regarding the potential liability, if any, or the amount or range of any loss that may result from this claim.

In 2013, seven participants in the MassMutual Thrift Plan (the Plan) filed a putative class action complaint in the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts. The complaint alleges, among other things, that MassMutual, the Investment Fiduciary Committee, the Plan Administrative Committee and individually named "fiduciaries" breached their duties by allowing the Plan to pay excessive fees and by engaging in self-dealing by limiting investment options primarily to MassMutual proprietary products. All defendants filed a joint motion to dismiss in

January 2014, which the court dismissed without prejudice in March 2015 pending the outcome of a U.S. Supreme Court case. MassMutual believes that it has substantial defenses and will continue to vigorously defend itself in this action. No reasonable estimate can be made at this time regarding the potential liability, if any, or the amount or range of any loss that may result from this claim.

#### c. Regulatory matters

The Company is subject to governmental and administrative proceedings and regulatory inquiries, examinations and investigations in the ordinary course of its business. In connection with regulatory inquiries, examinations and investigations, the Company has been contacted by various regulatory agencies including, among others, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the U.S. Department of Labor and various state insurance departments and state attorneys general. The Company has cooperated fully with these regulatory agencies with regard to their inquiries, examinations and investigations and has responded to information requests and comments.

Market volatility in the financial services industry over the last several years has contributed to increased scrutiny of the entire financial services industry. Therefore, the Company believes that it is reasonable to expect that proceedings, regulatory inquiries, examinations and investigations into the insurance and financial services industries will continue for the foreseeable future. Additionally, new industry-wide legislation, rules and regulations could significantly affect the insurance and financial services industries as a whole. It is the opinion of management that the ultimate resolution of these regulatory inquiries, examinations, investigations, legislative and regulatory changes of which we are aware will not materially impact the Company's financial position or liquidity. However, the outcome of a particular matter may be material to the Company's operating results for a particular period depending upon, among other factors, the financial impact of the matter and the level of the Company's income for the period.

### 19. Related party transactions

No significant changes.

#### 20. Subsequent events

MassMutual has evaluated subsequent events through May 6, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On April 15, 2015, MassMutual issued \$500 million in surplus notes with 50-year maturities and 4.5% coupon rates.

No additional events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date and before the date of evaluation that would require disclosure.